

A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE
A FIRESIDE COMPANION.
It is true if you see it in
THE BEE.
DON'T BORROW THIS PAPER

THE BEE

WASHINGTON

VOL. 24.

WASHINGTON, D. C. SATURDAY DECEMBER 17, 1904

NO. 28

We Asked And Received It.

Mr. Daniel H. Murray Becomes Offended—His Article on the Negro Question Jocularly Dissected by The Bee.

In July last, Mr. Daniel Murray sent the following card to the editor of THE BEE:

"934 S Street, Washington, D. C., July 13, 1904.

My Dear Chase:—The A. M. E. Quarterly Review for July has an article by me on Justice Harlan and the Supreme Court. I point out its attitude on the question that concerns the colored man and tell why no different opinion has been secured and tell what may be expected later and how to attain it. I wish you would notice it.

Daniel Murray."

THE BEE did not notice that article because time and space would not permit, but some time thereafter Mr. Murray called the attention of the editor of THE BEE to his article in the *Voice of the Negro* and requested that the editor get it, and make such a comment as he saw fit. It was some time after he requested the editor to get it, because his time was taken up with local politics. It was just in November when this last article appeared and THE BEE's comment was made in December, hence the comment is not at all remote as Mr. Murray would have the readers of THE BEE believe.

In a previous issue of THE BEE appeared some playful and innocent observations on a remedy proposed by Mr. Daniel Murray for the solution of certain acute phases of the race question, which remedy appeared in contributions which Mr. Murray made to *The Voice of the Negro* for September and November. We had always considered that Mr. Murray in addition to his other accomplishments, mental and moral, possessed the saving sense of humor. He seems, however, not to draw the distinction between a joke and an insult.

THE BEE chose to treat Mr. Murray's remedy with levity rather than with gravity, not with a view of insulting Mr. Murray, or of injuring his sensibilities, but solely with a view of submitting his ideas to the process known in logic as the *reductio ad absurdum*. In order that our readers may have a complete idea of Mr. Murray's remedy, following are a few extracts from his article:

"It involves no violence, no hot words, simply to stand pat on every form of labor for a given time as a silent protest against injustice. With this weapon they could at any moment paralyze the industries of the South and awaken such an interest in their cause, that the introduction of such bills would be stopped through a fear of the consequences to the industries of the Southland.

Had every colored man and woman in Mississippi or South Carolina struck work as a protest against color proscription when it first reared its head and refused to resume until assurance was apparent that they were to have fair treatment, 'Jim Crow' laws would have ended right there."

And again:

"If in every Southern state it was agreed that the moment any adverse law bearing unjustly on the negro was proposed, every man, woman and child would go on half rations and cease every form of labor for ten days, but spend the time in earnest prayer to God to remove the threatening wrong, it is safe to say, few, if any, would be proposed, and if proposed, would be rejected. The people of the several states would turn on the man offering the proposition rather than aid or be indifferent."

For lynching he proposes the same remedy. He says:

"It is possible to lessen if not wholly stop the evil of lynching. If every man, woman and child in the country would resolve to go on half rations for ten days, giving up every form of labor and devote the time to prayer until the perpetrators were punished, there would not be a second lynching in any county in the South."

"In any county where a spirit of injustice prevails or is suggested, all the negro need do is to stop work until the threatening storm has passed away."

"If the existing organizations such as the Masons, Odd Fellows, and kindred organizations; the church denominations, etc., could be induced to send delegates to a convention to be called, and that convention to appoint a defense committee to look after the interests of the colored race in the South, the initial step would have been taken, and whenever a bill was proposed injurious or wrong as

to the colored people, that committee to be called and a strike of ten days ordered, during which time everybody would spend the time previously given up to work in prayer to God to remove the threatened evil."

Likes the Diagnosis but Not the Antidote.

Editor *Voice of the Negro*.

Dear Sir:—I have just read with much interest the paper by Mr. Daniel Murray—*The Industrial Problem in the United States and the Negro's Relation to it*. It appeals to me as one of the most striking contributions to the subject that has appeared. The statement of the case is so clearly and forcefully made that it is in itself an argument for its soundness and validity. He demonstrates conclusively to my mind his basal proposition—"Great as is the right of suffrage, it is secondary to the right to labor—the right to earn one's bread, which involves the right to live at all."

So much for the diagnosis—but as to the antidote. Here there is likely to be difference of opinion. In one part of his paper the writer impliedly condemns the strike spirit in white people, yet in another part he recommends it to negroes. I believe that "to go on half rations for ten days, giving up every form of labor and devote the time to prayer," is not only impossible for so large a population scattered over so extended an area as the South, but inadvisable. Strikes now-a-days accomplish but little; they strike, and strike out. A peaceful appeal to the enlightened conscience and judgment of mankind is in the end more effective. Victories of peace are bigger than those of war. The race problems must be solved through patience and industry. Their teaching is not revolutionary but evolutionary. We must "Work out our salvation." Prove your worth and it will be recognized. It takes time. It takes time. History teaches us, it takes time.

John W. Hubert,
Tuskegee Institute, Tuskegee, Ala.
September 10, 1904.

Library of Congress,
Capitol Station, Division.

THE BEE has acted in good faith and now this is the result:

Nov. 10th, 1904.

Mr. Wm. C. Chase:

My family, my friends and myself are pained beyond expression over the brutal, malignant and cruel tirade of personal abuse that appears in your issue of today concerning me. The bitter malignancy of the article is shown in that it refers to an article of mine published last September in Atlanta, Ga., which in no manner referred to you or justified the attempt to hold me up to the scorn and ridicule of the people of Washington as a notorious hypocrite, one who had used the term prayer as a jest; one whose notoriously sinful life had caused everybody to laugh, when he appealed in any form to sacred things. For many years I have been a consistent communicant of the Episcopal Church, and I defy you or any one else in this community to prove that I have during those years in the slightest thing done aught inconsistent with the claim of Christian gentleness.

You have done me, my wife and children an irreparable wrong. You seem to have had this bitter hatred in your heart, while meeting me often since the publication of my Atlanta article with apparent friendship, and three months after you rake it all up. All the vernacular of gambling houses is used in the article about me, which certainly is unwarranted in discussing the article, or in any manner applicable to me. Many persons by letter and personally, have told me of their approval of my September article; that it did not meet yours is not a ground of complaint by me, but that the disagreement should be seized upon as a reason for brutal personal abuse is. Although my subscription to your paper is paid up to September, 1905, you need not send it to my house further.

Those of my friends who have read your criticism tell me it was grossly unfair and in no manner discussed the article at all, but indicated a deep feeling of a personal nature to me. I therefore resent it with all the strength of my nature, and challenge any fair minded person who has read the article to say it was just.

DANIEL MURRAY.

Richard Bartholdt.

THE BEE present this week the portrait of Hon. Richard Bartholdt, a member of Congress from the tenth district of St. Louis, Mo., who did more to carry the state than probably any other representative. He is a hard working Republican who is popular among the masses. The colored Republicans voted solidly for him, because he is their friend and is no doubt the most influential Republican in the state. Richard Bartholdt is from St. Louis, Mo., was born in Germany, November 2, 1855; came to this country when a boy; received a classical education; learned the printing trade and has been in newspaper work ever since. He was on the reportorial staff of several eastern newspapers, in which capacity he proved himself to be one of the best in the business. At the time of his election to Congress he was editor of the St. Louis Tribune; he was also elected to the board of public schools

Inaugural Ball.

INAUGURAL BALLS.

There are to be four inaugural balls among the people. The Presidential ball will take place March 4th. There are three other balls to be given by the colored citizens of Washington. The Monacan Club called a meeting at the True Reformers' Hall last Monday night in conjunction with its honorary members. Dr. Charles S. Harrison president, presided. There were quite a number present. The occasion was marred when Ex-Governor P. B. S. Pinchback became offended because Dr. Bruce Evens and Mr. Burrell Brown declined to subscribe. After the meeting had been called to order Mr. Pinchback stated that those who refused to give their names be excluded from the hall. This was an insult to Dr. Evens and his friend, Mr. Burrell Brown, who declined. Both gentlemen became insulted at the remark of Mr. Pinchback and left. This committee is

unemployed. The Union organizes all classes and the masses, pledged and shown to be the best interests of all—in fact the negro's salvation—to patronize and work for mutual interests. Colored papers, please copy. Membership dues, 5, 10, 15 and 20 cents weekly. The Union will buy land to be divided into suitable lots to be sold to members at cost.

Dr. J. N. Johnson, attorney at law, president; Rev. William H. Johnson and John B. Dillard, vice presidents; Dr. P. W. Price, medical director and treasurer; John T. C. Newsom, financial secretary; Dr. Robert F. Plummer, director of pharmacy; Robert Robinson and Harry Davis, deputies.

Main Office: 1128 G street northeast, Washington, D. C.

Negro Leadership.

Its Failures and Cowardices—Prof. Jesse Lawson in a New Role—Too Much Talk and More Action.

Prof. Jesse Lawson addressed the Second Baptist Lyceum last Sunday afternoon on the requisites for leadership. It was the most sensible address that has been delivered by him.

He took up leadership among all classes and nations and stated that negro leadership was the most humiliating and sycophantic that now exists.

Main Office: 1128 G street north-

east, Washington, D. C.

DECEMBER 31ST THE LAST DAY

To get the *Farm and Fireside* free with a Subscription to THE BEE.

The contract which renders it possible for us to give the *Farm and Fireside* free with each cash subscription to THE BEE expires by limitation on the thirty-first of October. It is "Now or Never." You had better borrow the two dollars with which to make home happy with these two interesting papers than to let this chance go by. It's the best investment you can secure with money. Try it and you will reap heavy weekly dividends.

Farm and Fireside is issued twice a month, twenty-four numbers a year, and has from twenty to thirty-two large pages, each issue; it is profusely illustrated with half-tones. It is the best farm and home journal in America. Thousands of dollars are expended annually for expert advice for the farmer, dairyman, stock-raiser, poultryman, fruit-grower, and gardener. It has departments for the good housewife, fashion pages, patterns, good stories, puzzles; it furnishes a lawyer and a doctor, wit and humor columns, and a young people's department. Examine the sample copy that has been sent to you.

OUR PROPOSITION.

Every new cash subscriber to THE BEE will be given a subscription to *Farm and Fireside* one year free.

Every old subscriber who pays his subscription to THE BEE to October 1, 1904, and one year in advance, will be given a year's subscription to this valuable farm paper.

Accept this offer today, before you neglect it.

This is an opportunity to secure *Farm and Fireside* one year free by merely paying your subscription in advance. You can learn the date on which your subscription expires by examining the figures following your name on the address label of THE BEE.

If you are already paid ahead, send \$1.00, and your time will be advanced another year.

Address THE WASHINGTON BEE,

THE NATIVE WASHINGTONIANS.

The many friends of the Society of Native Washingtonians, together with the general public will be glad to hear that the organization which has for its sole object the entertaining of strangers to the nation's Capital when any occasion which brings a large number of persons here offers itself, has perfected arrangements to carry out its object at the coming inauguration when several hundred complimentary invitations will be issued to visitors.

The Board of Governors takes pleasure in announcing that space to accommodate 2500 people has been secured at the Reformers' Building, 12th and U streets, N. W., for the 6th of March, 1905. This space includes the auditorium and the entire third floor. Two orchestras are on the program and prior to the reception a short program will be rendered, including eminent artists from other cities.

At the Grand Army Encampment held here in 1902, this society presented 350 complimentary invitations to as many visitors from 30 states, to a reception held in Convention Hall, and the recipients were loud in their praises and appreciation for the representative organization.

J. JAY GOULD'S.

Wonders for the Children's Christmas!! Tinsel, Toys, Tree Toys, Scrap Pictures, Paper Dolls, Favors. Thousands of things for children. J. Jay Gould's, 421 Ninth street.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BEE contains more advertisements than all other papers edited by negroes in the city. It is the greatest advertising medium and is bound to bring results. The people read THE BEE, hence it will pay you to advertise in it. All patrons of THE BEE are requested to patronize the firms that advertise in it. You can't get better bargains anywhere else. Read its advertisements and be convinced. THE BEE is the people's paper.

SCOTT REMEDY CO.

AGENTS WANTED, both sexes, to sell our Scott's Magic Hair Straightener and Grower, and Scott's Face Bleach and Beautifier. Beats anything of their kind. Sells for 30 cents each. Every woman and man will buy when shown a package. Over 100 per cent profit for agents. You can easily make clear \$5.00 a day.

We also furnish and beautify your homes without any cost to you. Write today for particulars.

Address

SCOTT REMEDY CO.,
Box 578, Louisville, Ky.

SALAD DE CHRYSANTHEMUM

New Dish, Which Is Gaining Popularity in London Society, Made from Petals of Flowers.

London.—At a not far distant date such an incident as the following will excite no comment.

The scene is a fashionable little dinner party, with an animated group around a beautfully decorated table, around a centerpiece of growing crimson and pale pink roses surrounded with smilax and a lily of the valley cover the center and corners of the festive board. Enter a servant bearing an empty blue and white china bowl, which is placed before the charming hostess. The hostess rises with subdued rustle of silk and proceeds to strip the table decorations to pieces.

No, it is not insanity, but merely the first stages of the new chrysanthemum salad—delicacy which promises to become speedily popular.

The "Duchess of Sutherland," a magnificent tufted mop of petals 30 inches in circumference exhibited the other day at the Crystal Palace chrysanthemum show, is one of the best varieties for salad purposes. Two blooms, making sufficient salad for six persons, cost one shilling two pence, and the whole salad would cost but 12 pence.

The petals are pulled out and mixed in the bowl, and a few rose or violet leaves dropped in add to the appearance. White chrysanthemums are best, as the colored varieties look rather "messy" when mixed with oil and vinegar.

The flavor is by no means insipid, for the flower has a well marked, delicate taste, as delicious in its way as asparagus, while the poetry of the whole dish should appeal to the aesthetic and artistic as well as to seekers after novelties.

One feature of the exhibition—the largest ever held at the palace—is a stand of spring flowers—lilies, lilac, laburnum, azaleas and lilles of the valley—produced out of season by the retarding influence of an icehouse.

TO SEEK HEALTH IN WEST.

Railroad to Establish Open-Air Sanatorium in Semiarid Regions of Texas.

Austin, Tex.—The experiment of establishing open-air sanatoriums on a large scale is to be tried in the healthful, semiarid region of western Texas, under the auspices of the Southern Pacific railroad. The novel plan is to be followed of establishing caravans of health and pleasure seekers, who will carry with them full and complete camp equipment. These nomads will use their own pleasure, guided largely, however, by the advice and discretion of the physicians and attendants who will accompany them, in moving about from place to place. The railroad will provide a supply of good horses and wagons and the recreation and health seekers may rove over the country in true cowboy style. The temporary tent cities will provide shelter for those who prefer periods of rest.

There are scores of cases of persons having been cured of various ailments of the body, particularly of those affected with lung trouble, by coming to western Texas and leading an open-air life on the ranches. This is just what the Southern Pacific proposes to encourage and direct on a large scale. All the camp equipage, horses, food, supplies, physicians and in fact everything needed will be provided by the railroad and the traveler will be charged only a nominal sum to help to pay for the expenses of conducting the open-air sanatoriums.

This project is in the personal charge of John T. Patrick, who is looking after the industrial development of Texas along the line of the Southern Pacific.

FIX DATE OF REBELLION.

Spring of 1906 Chosen by Macedonians for General Uprising Against Turkish Rule.

London.—A letter from Boris Sarafoff, the Macedonian leader, to a friend in London says it is the intention of the revolutionary committee to defer the next general rising until the spring of 1906, after the expiration of the two-year term of the Austro-Russian reforms.

Sarafoff adds the reforms are utter failures, and the condition of the peasants is worse than before the late revolution. Their homes have not been rebuilt and the people are on the verge of starvation, some of them freezing to death.

The insurgents under Damien Grueff are maintaining the revolutionary organization with 70 bands of 10 to 50 men each, and are collecting funds in Macedonia for the next rising. Sarafoff is in Bulgaria for the same purpose.

In Macedonian circles in London the mobilization of the Albanian regiments and Turkish reserves and the appointment of Nazir Pasha as special envoy, with instructions to take all the measures necessary to suppress the Bulgarian movement by the quickest possible methods, create uneasiness, as Nazir is regarded as being the most relentless Turkish commander in suppressing Christian risings.

Explosive to Help Travel.
Philadelphia.—D. Gold, a retired naval officer, says that next spring the world's mode of travel will be revolutionized by his new explosive aluminum airship, with a speed of 100 miles an hour. Its propeller will make 4,000 revolutions a minute, which will make Europe in 30 hours and Chicago in ten, says Gold.

MUSIC AS A TONIC.

EXPERIMENTS CONDUCTED BY A NEW YORK DOCTOR.

Value of Harmony as a Therapeutic Agent Scientifically Demonstrated—Effect of "Annie Laurie" and Other Selections.

New York.—The value of music as a therapeutic agent has been scientifically demonstrated at the home of Dr. Francis S. Kennedy, of Brooklyn. Variations of from 15 to 25 beats per minute in the pulse of subjects under contrasting influences, such as selections from the Tannhauser overture and Leybach's fifth nocturne, furnished abundant proof that under certain conditions melodies and harmonies furnish satisfactory substitutes for drugs, when applied as tonics, stimulants, sedatives or narcotics.

The experiment was conducted by Dr. Kennedy, and is in line with a long series of investigations that have occupied his leisure hours for some time past.

Twenty trained nurses from the different hospitals in the city were invited to attend a musical recital at Dr. Kennedy's home.

Nurses were selected because the operation of taking the pulse is with them an every day matter, and it was not likely that the condition of their own pulse would be affected by having it taken. The subjects were taken at random, but a careful record of their relation to music in general and their physical characteristics was kept.

Dr. Kennedy presided at the mechanical piano player by which the music was produced. To get the heart beats of his subjects down to normal, and to put them into a proper mental and physical condition he first gave them "Annie Laurie."

"Annie Laurie" was followed by the Tannhauser overture with orchestral arrangement. With the piano player a tremendous volume of sound is possible. The contrast between the swelling notes of the march that mark the climax of the latter half of the overture and the final diminuendo of the "Pilgrim's Chorus" was marked. The effect upon the subjects was equally prominent. Nearly every one responded to Wagner's harmonies with a much more rapid pulse increase, ranging from ten to twenty-five beats per minute. One young woman whose pulsations ran away into the nineties confessed a tardy that the Tannhauser overture was her favorite selection.

Two records were kept, one of the pulse beats and one of blood pressure. The latter record permitted the interesting conclusion that listening to a favorite selection may produce the effect of relaxation on one person while it stimulates the heart action of another. This is alluded to as indicating that just as careful a study of a patient is as necessary before prescribing musical remedies as should precede the writing out of a prescription.

After several other selections, including the "Angels' Serenade," during which the effects observed were decidedly at variance, Dr. Kennedy played Leybach's Fifth nocturne. Here again the result was remarkable in that there was scarcely an exception to the decided character of the response. The harmonies in this number are woven about a pretty melody, nonintrusive in character. The effect of the whole number was most soothng. The pulse beats went down to the lowest ebb, away below normal, in the majority of cases, testifying to the appreciation of the musical effect.

QUARTZ WORTH \$450 A TON

Extraordinary Return from Surface Ore Found Near Nome City, Alaska.

Lewiston, Idaho.—Louis Dahl a few days ago received a check from the Tacoma smelter for \$74.47, which represents his share of a shipment of 366 pounds of ore after eight dollars treatment charges had been deducted.

The ore came from the claims Mr. Dahl recently purchased at the head of Bangard creek, 17 miles from Nome City, Alaska, for himself, Frank Brown and Chris Olson. There is absolutely no work done, and the 366 pounds shipped came from the surface, which fact makes the showing all the more wonderful.

Mr. Dahl could not find an assay office in the north to test his ore, but being confident it would run \$30 to the ton, he made the shipment direct to the smelter, and has not yet had an assay made. The first he learned of the true value of the ore was when he received his check from the smelter. Figured at this basis the ore will run \$450 to the ton, and Mr. Dahl says an immense ore body can be traced on the surface.

Pretty College Romance.

Chester, Pa.—The culmination of a pretty romance begun in the Coed Normal Bible college at Hartford, Conn., three years ago, was the wedding here of Rev. Adams Archibald and Miss Edna M. Howell, the former of Halifax, Nova Scotia, and the latter a resident of this city. Both were students in the college, and kept up correspondence after leaving. Rev. Mr. Archibald came on here a few weeks ago to renew his acquaintance, and the wedding quickly followed.

May Have Had an Object.

Quentin Roosevelt spelled down his class in school, but the foxy little boys who were spelling against him may have thought they would like to get post offices and commissions when they grew up.

The Bee.

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COLLECTOR RUCKER.

An article which appeared in the *Atlanta Independent* of the 3rd inst. in the nature of an attack on Mr. Henry A. Rucker, Collector of Internal Revenue for the State of Georgia, has attracted wide and adverse criticism. During the recent Presidential campaign, Mr. Rucker wrote a letter in the interest of the election of Mr. Roosevelt to the Presidency, in which among other things, he said: "Parker and Davis, the Democratic nominees, are leaders of a party under whose banner march mobbers, lynchers and repressors, whose boast is that this is a white man's country, and claim superiority over everything, their chief reason for it being the possession of white skins, not morals and not merit." He further said that the election of Parker and Davis would be "an endorsement of the Statesboro and other horrors." This is exactly what every colored man in the country and millions of white men believe; and such a belief was a contributing cause to the phenomenal vote cast for the Republican candidate for President. But the *Independent*, with displayed headlines, on its editorial page quoted these words of truth and soberness, and branded them as "anarchal and incendiary," and a slander and libel on the white people of the South. The purpose of the publication seems to have been the injuring of Mr. Rucker in his position as Internal Revenue Collector, and his displacement by a white man. The colored people of Georgia and the country have been speedy and emphatic in their condemnation of this act of the *Independent*. And even the Southern whites have not responded to the *Independent's* onslaught, as they were evidently expected. The newspaper edited by Mr. John Temple Graves, the *Atlanta News*, takes up the cudgel on behalf of Mr. Rucker. It is to be regretted that a paper published ostensibly in the interest of the race should be guilty of the breach of self-respect and fair dealing, which the *Independent* has committed.

Mr. Rucker is a man of spotless integrity and unimpeachable character, and has been, and is now, a faithful, upright and efficient officer. Such a man is an ornament of the race, and we hope that he may be retained in his present position by President Roosevelt. Mr. Rucker's displacement would probably mean the loss of this place to the colored people, and we certainly hope that the race's share of the offices may be more, and not less than at present.

SOUTHERN REPRESENTATION.

The matter of reduction of representation in Congress in proportion to citizens twenty-one years of age and upwards denied the right to vote is a question of the gravest importance, and is likely to be discussed in the public prints very largely during the coming year. In the present Congress Senator Platt of New York, Representative Morell of Pennsylvania, and Representative Sherman of New York, have introduced propositions looking to the reduction of represen-

tation for disfranchisement. There will be no action on the subject at this session, and as we take it, the bills just referred to were introduced solely for the purpose of bringing the matter to the attention of the country for discussion and suggestion. We notice that a number of our exchanges of the Afro-American press are beginning to take sides for and against reduction of representation. With the single exception of the *Boston Guardian*, none of these exchanges show from their treatment of the matter, evidence of having given particular study to it. We should think that the matter had better be carefully investigated and considered in all its bearings before taking position on it. If our editors were able in more instances to fortify their positions with facts, and abundant facts, their opinions should become more weighty and would receive more consideration. An article which appeared in the *Atlanta Independent* of the 3rd inst. in the nature of an attack on Mr. Henry A. Rucker, Collector of Internal Revenue for the State of Georgia, has attracted wide and adverse criticism. During the recent Presidential campaign, Mr. Rucker wrote a letter in the interest of the election of Mr. Roosevelt to the Presidency, in which among other things, he said: "Parker and Davis, the Democratic nominees, are leaders of a party under whose banner march mobbers, lynchers and repressors, whose boast is that this is a white man's country, and claim superiority over everything, their chief reason for it being the possession of white skins, not morals and not merit." He further said that the election of Parker and Davis would be "an endorsement of the Statesboro and other horrors." This is exactly what every colored man in the country and millions of white men believe; and such a belief was a contributing cause to the phenomenal vote cast for the Republican candidate for President. But the *Independent*, with displayed headlines, on its editorial page quoted these words of truth and soberness, and branded them as "anarchal and incendiary," and a slander and libel on the white people of the South. The purpose of the publication seems to have been the injuring of Mr. Rucker in his position as Internal Revenue Collector, and his displacement by a white man. The colored people of Georgia and the country have been speedy and emphatic in their condemnation of this act of the *Independent*. And even the Southern whites have not responded to the *Independent's* onslaught, as they were evidently expected. The newspaper edited by Mr. John Temple Graves, the *Atlanta News*, takes up the cudgel on behalf of Mr. Rucker. It is to be regretted that a paper published ostensibly in the interest of the race should be guilty of the breach of self-respect and fair dealing, which the *Independent* has committed.

MR. DANIEL MURRAY.

The BEE is in receipt of a letter from Mr. Daniel Murray, who is of the opinion that THE BEE was personally piqued with him for some reason not explained in his letter. The criticism THE BEE made on his article, that appeared in the *Voice of the Negro*, was more of a friendly character. Mr. Murray is a public character and should not be so thin-skinned. In commenting on his article, THE BEE said that he was a man of remarkable versatility of thought. Would this be regarded as personal pique? As well as of indefatigable industry. Persons who are piqued with any one would not speak so highly

of him. Then THE BEE dealt in a jocular manner or a humorous way with what he advised the negro to do. Why should THE BEE be piqued with this distinguished gentleman, who is the author of so many bills relating to our government? We never get piqued with our enemies, why with our friends? We have always regarded Mr. Murray as our friend and certainly he cannot find anything in THE BEE that will show other than its friendship for him. It is true, THE BEE has not agreed with Mr. Murray on certain public questions, and it cannot and will not. He ought to be too great a man to become offended with a jocular criticism of his article on the negro question. THE BEE is unable to understand why it is that colored men, calling themselves great writers and public spirited citizens should become offended so quickly. Is it because THE BEE tells so much truth? The most remarkable conclusion of Mr. Murray's letter is, that he wants THE BEE discontinued. The management with regret declines to discontinue THE BEE, but the paper to his address will be discontinued because he requests it.

THE WIFE BEATERS.

Hon. Iway G. Kimball, Judge of the United States branch of the Police Court, advocates the establishment of a "whipping post" as an adequate punishment for wife beaters. The *Evening Star* takes exceptions and calls it ancient barbarism. THE BEE is of the opinion that some kind of punishment other than sending these offenders to jail should be adopted, whether it be the "whipping post" or some other kind of punishment. Perhaps if the editor of our able contemporary would visit the Police Court occasionally and see these helpless females with their heads tied and bandages around them he would come to the conclusion that something ought to be done with the wife-beater. Not a day passes but that some helpless wife comes into court with bruises on her head, made by some worthless husband. Young women who have been deserted with three or four children while the husband is staggering through the streets with whiskey in his stomach as well as in his pockets.

If the law is to be enacted, THE BEE suggests that it be applied to the women as well as to the men. Devils of both sexes are very often brought before his honor.

NATIVE WASHINGTONIANS.

Embracing the suggestion made in last week's BEE, the Native Washingtonians have decided to give an inaugural ball for the entertainment of the strangers who may visit the city during the inauguration of President Roosevelt. THE BEE is more than gratified to know that its city is to be disgraced no longer by interlopers who come here every year by virtue of receiving an appointment in some government department to a position of a laborer, messenger or clerk and then organize themselves into a social mutual admiration society to dictate social functions. The citizens are beginning to learn some sense. The outlook is that there will be three inaugural balls under the auspices of the colored citizens. But the real ball will be given by the Native Washingtonians. The hall has been secured and all arrangements made for a great event. Just who informed these interlopers that they could represent the people in this city THE BEE is unable to state. This time the Native Washingtonians will give a ball that will be an honor to the nation's Capital. THE BEE congratulates the Native Washingtonians for this sensible move.

TALK TOO MUCH.

We have been meditating for some time. Our thoughts have been most profound. For a number of years we have said that the negro talks too much. This declaration has been fully demonstrated especially by a man

who has made every effort to make himself the leader of the negro race. The white people of this country want a negro leader whom they can use to humiliate the masses. We have been wondering whether the negro knows of his own existence. Because if he does, he has not at present shown it. Just what this generation of negroes expects to gain by its vacillating and cringing attitude, we are unable to state. The colored man talks too much and acts less than any other race upon this globe. While we have so many negro representatives looking for a job, the race will remain in a state of humiliation. We are inclined to the belief that there is some manhood in a few negroes in this country who would be of some service to the race if they were permitted.

SOCIAL SUPREMACY.

There are to be three separate inaugurations in March among the colored citizens. These social functions will be under the auspices of three separate and distinct organizations. All of them are enthusiastic to become socially supreme.

The Native Washingtonians claim superiority by virtue of their citizenship. The Citizens' Committee, of which Hon. John P. Green is president, claims that the ball given under its auspices does not mean to discriminate, but it will of a cosmopolitan character. The Monacan Club is being opposed on account of the late Capital Savings Bank. There is no likelihood of these organizations coming together.

THE BEE for 1905 will be the greatest race paper in the United States.

THE BEE has always regarded him as a high-toned Christian gentleman.

If you want THE BEE sent to your address, send a postal card to the office.

The Citizens' Committee, with Hon. John P. Green as president, will go right along.

THE BEE regrets that Mr. Daniel Murray thinks less of himself than THE BEE does of him.

If there could be one inaugural ball among the colored society, what an event it would be!

Public men who write articles on the race question should be able to stand a friendly criticism.

The readers of THE BEE are requested to read its new advertisements that appear this week.

Chairman Cortelyou has closed up shop and paid off the workmen. Those who were paid will receive no office.

The fifty-eighth Congress will go out of power in March. Peace be to its ashes for it failed to do its duty.

Many people of Alabama want Representative Heflin expelled from the House. Contemplation of this circumstance ought to be an effective lesson in manners, and this is what Heflin needs.

New York—To mark the spot formerly occupied by the Whitehall ferry, where General Washington embarked, December 4, 1783, after bidding farewell to his officers at Fraunces Tavern, on Broad street, a bronze memorial tablet erected by a chapter of The Daughters of the American Revolution was unveiled recently.

JAMES O. HOLMES.

One among the most active business men in this city is Mr. James Ortway Holmes, of 333 Virginia Avenue, S. W. Mr. Holmes keeps the leading hotel in that section of the city. He has been in business twenty-three years at 333 Virginia avenue. Mr. Holmes has remodeled his hotel and is now prepared to entertain his friends in first-class style during the holidays. He wants his friends to call Christmas day and the entire holiday week. He has a Christmas greeting for all who may call.

He further states that he has the finest brands of whiskies in the city. Meals cooked to order and at the shortest notice. Call and see the South Washington boniface.

CORNERSTONE CHAT AND CHAT.

The News of the City Dished Up for The Bee Readers.

PERSONAL POINTS POINTEDLY PUT.

Home News and Events Transpired Since our Last Issue—Other Matters Worthy of Careful Consideration.

M. Leroy, a Parisian clockmaker, has just achieved a triumph in watches. He has been at work since 1897 upon a chronometer which he has just completed. It contains 975 pieces, and costs \$400. On the case are the signs of the Zodiac, and on the main dial, besides hours, minutes and seconds, are numerous computations of time in years, months and days, the phases and ages of the moon, the seasons, solstices and equinoxes and various time records. Then there are large and small gongs, and a little carillon of three notes for sounding purposes. On the lesser minute dial are 226 stars of the Borealis and 200 of the southern hemisphere, time at 125 different cities of the world, times of sunrise and sunset, and a thermometer, a hydrometer, and a barometer.

The Great Wall of China is 1,250 miles long.

The microphone enables a person to hear a fly walk or a bee sneeze. A new cartridge in use by the French army will propel a bullet half a mile without any perceptible rise or fall.

The life-saving dogs are valuable aids to the police department of Paris. They cost about \$100 each, and are carefully trained by being repeatedly sent into the water to rescue dummies especially made for the purpose.

TAILOR WITH A RECORD.

A. Wendlinger of Richmond, Va., a military tailor, now 80 years old, made the uniforms of Jefferson Davis' staff and for the staff of every governor since then, and has been selected to make the uniforms for the staff of Gov. Montague, who has changed the color from Confederate gray to bright blue.

It is said that when the tomb of Childeric, King of the first Frankish dynasty in the fifth century, was opened in the seventeenth century, hundreds of golden bees were found in it. So when the French Empire was established the golden bee was adopted as one of its emblems.

WOMEN OF WEALTH SMUGGLERS.

Custom officers in New York declare that an epidemic of smuggling set in there some weeks ago, and is now believed to be at its height. It is an especially aggravated outbreak, because it is thought that not a few women of wealth are among the offenders, bringing in cut diamonds concealed in their coiffures and in nooks of their clothing which only the most experienced women inspectors can discover.—*Chicago Chronicle*.

POWERFUL FIRE ENGINES.

The two biggest fire engines in the world are in Liverpool, England. These are the most powerful fire engines known, throwing 1,800 gallons of water a minute and a jet 140 feet high. The force with which the water is ejected from them may be estimated from the fact that the jet was "warranted to kill a man at 350 feet."

The Queen of England has a favorite teapot of which she is very fond. It is the shape of a barrel of wine, with a stout old Dutchman sitting astride. His cap serves for the lid, and a gold tap lets out the beverage.

Badly worn cables which have been in use for years have caused suspension in the elevator service in the Washington Monument, and until new cables can be installed the service there will not be open to the public.

Nearly all educated Russians are familiar with three languages besides their own. Knowledge of the English, French and German languages is considered necessary to culture. A family having small children employs two to four governesses, from whom the children learn foreign tongues before they are taught the more difficult Russian.

The Japanese, like the Chinese, have no alphabet in the ordinary sense, every word in their written language being represented by a separate character. Therefore in telegraphing in these languages about ten thousand words are selected, and figures ranging from 1 up to 9,999 are allotted to each word.

EMPEROR INCLUDED HER KITCHEN.

The story is told of the Empress of Germany that, while chatting with a baroness who is exceedingly wealthy, the lady asked the Empress what things in the world she loved best, adding that she wanted to have the honor of doing something for the Empress. The Empress smiled and replied:

"I have already those things which

I love best, and they all begin with 'K.'"

"Indeed, your majesty," said her companion, "and may I ask what they are?"

"Yes," said the Empress; "they are my Kaiser (Emperor), my kinder (children), my kirche (church) and my kueche (kitchen)."—*Chicago Evening Post*.

THE PRESIDENT WOULD DO.

Here is an incident that illustrates one trait of the President's character—a trait which tends to make him popular. While James Jeffrey Rock was having a chat with President Roosevelt in the White House last week the telephone bell was ringing somewhat persistently, says the *Benton Herald*. There being no attendant at hand the President excused himself and went to answer the repeated call. This is the conversation that took place on the line according to the testimony of the distinguished gentleman at the President's end of it:

"Well, what is it?"

"Hello, is Archie there?"

"No, he is not."

"Who's this I am talking to?"

"The President."

"Well, you'll do. Tell Archie to come over and play ball."

And the President proceeded to execute the order, as directed.

THE DISCOVERY OF THE POTATO.

Sir Walter Raleigh is commonly credited with having introduced the potato to civilization, but it is certain that one Hawkins, a slave trader, and Sir Francis Drake were both ahead of him in taking it to England. To Raleigh, however, rightfully belongs the credit for having brought potatoes to the attention of Queen Elizabeth in 1568. Their merit was long in being recognized. "The complete gardener," an English book published in 1719, made no mention at all of them.

The name came from the Haytian batata, or Mexican potato. It is called "Irish potato" because the Irish were the first Europeans to generally cultivate it. It is now, however, one of the chief crops of France and Germany.

UNCLE SAM'S ARMY OF BOYS.

The names of about ten thousand boys ranging in age from fourteen to nineteen years are carried on the government pay-roll. A large majority of them are employed as special delivery messengers.

In Sing Sing prison, New York, is published a prison paper known as the "Star of Hope." The present editor is a prisoner for burglary. According to his record he has been a lawyer, reporter, confidence man, secretary to a khedive of Egypt, preacher, forger and politician, and has had numerous aliases. It is said that he was born in England.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 2.—Prince Urussoff, governor of Bessarabia, has been transferred to Tyre on the ground that he had been too friendly toward the Bessarabian Jews.

A short time ago the Kishenev Jews presented Prince Urussoff with a deluxe copy of the Old Testament, at the same time thanking him for his services.

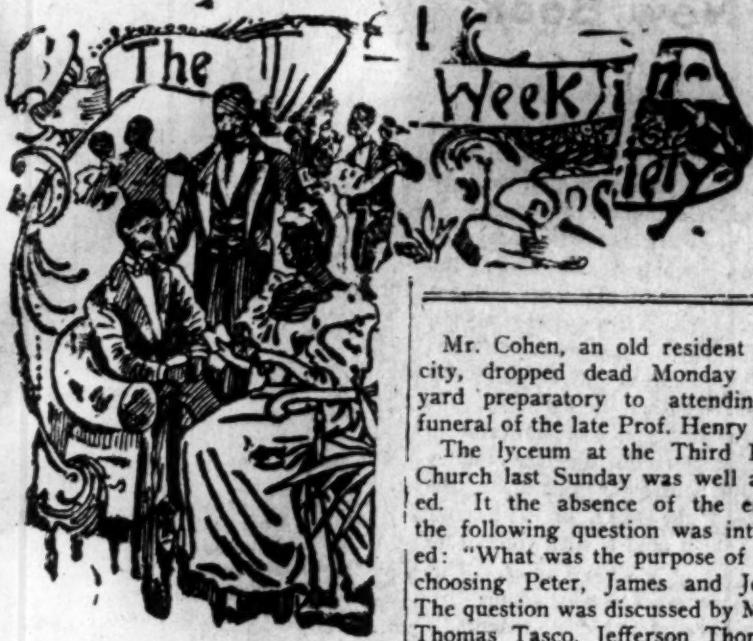
In responding Prince Urussoff denounced all Jew baiting, particularly in Kishenev.

All the soldiers in the army of Argentina are forced to play football. It is said to train them to bear the hardships of battle.

HEARD FARRAGUT'S FAMOUS ORDER.

Perhaps the only survivor of Admiral Farragut's fleet, who was present at the battle of Mobile bay and heard the admiral's famous order: "D—n the torpedoes; give her four bells!" is Timothy Murry, chief master-at-arms at the New York navy yard, who has applied for retirement.

Murry at the time was a powder boy on Farragut's ship. He was just staggering from below under a bag of powder, frightened



The Monacan Club has issued invitations to the citizens to make arrangements for an inaugural ball.

Mr. Daniel Murray held a meeting at his residence Saturday evening for the purpose of making arrangements for an inaugural ball.

A benefit was given last evening at the residence of Mrs. Minta B. Simons for Mrs. Mary Craig. It was an enjoyable affair.

Three inaugural balls will be given during inaugural week under the auspices of the following different organizations: The Monacan Club, the Native Washingtonians and the Citizens' Committee.

Invitations are out for the fifteenth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. George S. Conte of Denver, Colorado. The affair will take place in Denver, Col., this evening at 2612 Welton street, from 9 to 11 o'clock P. M. Mr. Conte is an old Washingtonian of highly respected and well known parentage.

Dr. Berkly C. Waller left the city Tuesday for Baltimore, Md., and Wilmington, Del., where he will remain several days. From there he will go to Florida and remain several months. On his return he will practice his profession, either in Maryland or Wilmington, Del. Before going south he will be given a dinner by Dr. C. S. Wormley, Mr. Robert T. Douglass and others.

New York City, Dec. 17, 1904.
The reception of the graduating class of the Training School for Nurses of the Lincoln Hospital and Home, East 141st street and Southern Boulevard, took place last night. It was a most brilliant affair. The graduates of this class are:

Miss Florence Ellis, Miss Lillian A. Williams, Miss Estella M. Cary, Miss Catherine E. Hoffman, Miss Eva A. Sims, Miss Ada D. Taylor, Miss Clara M. Harris, Miss Gertrude R. Henry, Miss Lawson M. Randall.

The Philadelphia Tribune of December 12th publishes the following report of the marriage of Mrs. A. A. P. Syphax, mother of Mr. Douglass P. Syphax, of this city.

"Breakfast in Washington, married in Philadelphia and supper in New York was the program of Mrs. A. A. P. Syphax, the daughter of the late Colonel John McKee, now Mrs. Joseph L. Greenwich, on Wednesday, December 8, 1904.

Mrs. A. A. P. Syphax arrived from Washington about 1:30 P. M., and went at once to the home of her lifetime and trustworthy friends, Mrs. Hardy and her two daughters, Mrs. Lopez and Mrs. Lee, respectively, No. 337 South Smedley street, where she remained until time for the ceremony. Mr. Joseph L. Greenwich arrived from New York about 1 P. M., and went to his sister's, Mrs. Greenwich, No. 332 South Smedley street.

Mrs. Syphax did not see anyone and it was hardly known that she was even in the city until after the ceremony, so quiet was everything kept.

At 5 P. M., in the home of the Rev. J. B. Reeves, No. 1505 Lombard street, the couple were joined in happy bonds of matrimony. They proceeded immediately to the station and took the 6:10 P. M. train for Jersey City, which will be the home of the happy couple.

The bride was dressed in a handsome and fashionable brown traveling suit and carried a beautiful bunch of violets. The groom was dressed in the usual style for an afternoon wedding.

The only persons present were Mrs. Greenwich, sister of the groom, her daughter, Madeline; Miss Helen Young and the bride's youngest son, Ernest F. Syphax, who is studying pharmacy in Philadelphia.

The reception will be held in Jersey City on Thursday night, December 8, 1904.

They both have been married before and each have children living. The groom has one daughter and the bride five sons.

CITY BRIEFS.

Rev. Simon P. W. Drew is organizing a new church.

Mr. Cohen, an old resident of the city, dropped dead Monday in his yard preparatory to attending the funeral of the late Prof. Henry Grant. The lyceum at the Third Baptist Church last Sunday was well attended. In the absence of the essayist the following question was introduced: "What was the purpose of Christ choosing Peter, James and John?" The question was discussed by Messrs. Thomas Tasco, Jefferson Thompson, Charles H. Watson, W. H. McLendon, C. C. James and Rev. James H. See. Attorney P. W. Frisby presided and Miss Marie E. Kelly acted as secretary.

Miss Mayme Middleton will leave for Baltimore, Md., December 24th and will remain until January 2nd. She will be the guest of Miss Hutchings.

Miss Beating M. Upsor, who has been east pursuing her profession, will be in the city March 5th, en route south. Miss Upsor is one of the most accomplished trained nurses in the United States.

EAST WASHINGTON.
Rev. J. T. Clark, D. D., has been called as pastor of Mt. Horeb Baptist Church and will be installed Wednesday evening, December 28th, at 7:30 P. M. Rev. Clark is president of the Baptist Ministers' Union. Mt. Horeb Baptist Church is one of the largest churches in the northeast. The membership of the church is steadily on the increase.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
All social clubs in the city, beneficial organizations and societies of every description are requested to send in their social, local and all other news matter by Wednesday of each week. All society master, personals, etc., must be sent to the society editor of THE BEE.

FOOTBALL INSANITY.

A PROMINENT TRAINER SAYS PLAYERS HAVE DELUSIONS.

Long Continued Physical and Nervous Strain Causes Ailment Similar to Softening of the Brain—Minds Given to Wandering.

Football players, according to Jere Delaney, trainer of Northwestern university eleven, are subject to an ailment similar to softening of the brain, which leads not only to the making of peculiar statements, but causes strange actions which sometimes are amusing.

The exact cause of the trouble, Trainer Delaney says, he is unable to fathom. He declared, however, that it results more from the long continued physical and nervous strain to which the men are subjected during the three months of rigid training which they are forced to undergo than from the blows, kicks and bumps they receive on their skulls during games.

Only at rare intervals during the football season is a candidate for a university team allowed any real recreation. His mind constantly is concentrated on the theories and facts of the game, which are pounded into him by his coaches and trainers.

Delaney has had considerable experience with athletes both in the east and in the west, and it is from his close observation of their behavior, he says, that his conclusions are deduced.

"It always has been my aim," he said "not only to keep the men's bodies in fighting trim, but to watch their mental condition, and to see that they are not inclined to let their thoughts wander to strange, imaginary subjects when they are at rest."

"It is known that every player of the game fights his games over and over again in his dreams, but only the men who are in the closest touch with the players is it recognized that they are given to constant day dreaming, during which they make strange motions, as if struggling with an imaginary opponent."

According to Delaney, the athletes are given to almost childish methods of play when at rest. An instance related by the trainer was of a man who during more than an hour poured over a map of the United States, drawing lines with his index finger and imagining what was traveling over the country which his finger crossed.

"From Chicago to Philadelphia we old Penn play mused aloud; 'ther a trip to Boston—gee, it's a long trip—'t see Harvard. But there's no game, sc let's go to the seashore. Rah for a swim! Wow, it's too blasted cold!' Then he drew his finger back 200 imaginary miles before he could check his flight from the icy waves."

Many more instances are related by Delaney, but he did not laugh over them.

On the contrary, he says, he constantly is scheming to relieve the minds of the men so that they will stay normal and not be subject to the weird processes of mild form of insanity caused by the steady diet of football, football, and nothing else.

HIDDEN ISLES OF THE SEA.
Many a noble ship, richly laden with the proudest spoils of human industry and enterprise, and freighted with that which is dearer still—human life—has passed away with the morning sunlight glittering on its snowy canvas, passed away, never to arrive at its destination; passed away forever from the ken and knowledge of men as completely as if it had never been in existence.

What has become of those vanished argosies? Whither have they gone? When the seas give up their dead, and the old ocean lays bare its secrets, the



human skeletons, the virgin gold, the priceless gems, the costly jewels, and the wrecks of those vanished ships will be found strewn amid the tremendous passes and deep dales of those submerged mountain ranges which are the backbones of lost continents, upon those topmost peaks, projecting near the surface of the seas, these lost convoys have been dashed to destruction! The mariner's compass and the navigator's chart have not been able to protect commerce from the wreck and ruin of those submerged ridges, but the good



ship "Columbia," richly laden with its precious cargo of "Columbia Club," the purest and best whiskey in the world, launched and navigated by William J. Donovan from the famous Baseball House, located at 1528 Seventh street, N. W., with the Stars and Stripes glittering from its gaff and defiance to all competitors thundering from its steel-clad turrets, has weathered every gale and returned safely from every voyage, because Mr. Donovan knows the highways of successful business enterprise are strewn with the derelicts of pretension and misrepresentation, and that quality alone, and quality strictly and strenuously adhered to, is the only chart and surest recommendation of those who wish to indulge in the delicious, stimulating, health-giving virtue of a truly honest American whiskey—the "Columbia Club."

THE CO-OPERATIVE HELP DEPARTMENT

Is headquarters for all kinds of help of any capacity in and out of the city,—chambermaids, laundresses, cooks, headwaiters, bellmen, hallmen, coachmen, and workmen by the day or hour, also janitors.

Under management of the Dressmakers' Training School. The object of this school is to train young women to be self supporting and independent by teaching them dressmaking, millinery, embroidery, corset-making.

We will teach, free of charge, plain sewing to the first 25 applicants who will register between now and the first of October. The instructions will be given to encourage young women to seek the more technical points in sewing. Lessons day and evening. For further particulars call and see the principal, Mrs. L. R. Clark, 1200 U street, N. W., phone North 1258 F. Dressmaking parlor, 1930 14th street, N. W. All kinds of mending.

If we were suddenly confronted by war, no money could procure submarine mines in time to be of service, says General Story, chief of artillery, in his annual report. He finds the coast defense far from adequate.

HOUSE & HERRMAN,

THE LARGE INS ALLMENT HOUSE IN THE CITY

Now is the time to FURNISH YOUR HOUSE
Carpets Your Floors and LIVE Comfortably.

Only First-Class stores keep first class goods and sold by first class clerks in how large your Purchases are immediate delivery is made to any part of the city

Call at once.

Northeast Corner 7th and "I"

Name THE BEE when you call.

Notice

We beg to call the attention of the public to the fact that we have opened a first-class Drug Store at the Cor. of First and F Sts., S. W., where can always be found a complete stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Toilet and Fancy Articles, Candies, Cigars, Tobacco, etc., at the lowest prices. Prescriptions carefully compounded by Reg. Pharmacist.

Pure drugs and fresh supplies is our motto. We keep on hand a little of everything Postage stamps, all you desire.

LIBERTY PHARMACY.
1st and F Sts., S. W.
JAMES C. JONES.

Karl Xander,
IMPORTER,
Rectifier and Wholesale and
Retail Dealer in

FINE WINES
AND
WINES
Liquors
1530-32 Seventh St. N. W.

FOSTER, CATERER
James F. Oyster

BANQUETS.
FAMILIES SERVED.
WEDDINGS.
DINNER PARTIES.

TELEPHONE CONNECTIONS.

1120 20th Street n. w.

MONEY

For everybody at rates lower than the lowest. Don't be deceived; come to us and investigate. Business entirely confidential. No one knows of your transaction with us. We get full guarantee, pinions, or salary. If you have a loan now anywhere and need more money, come to us. Nothing deducted from loan. You get full amount. Extension in case of sickness without extra charge.

METROPOLITAN LOAN AND TRUST CO.
505 E St. N. W.

BORROW MONEY
YES

We will lend you from \$10.00 to \$100.00 on your furniture, piano, &c., and arrange the loan in as easy monthly payments as you desire. Come to us for we deduct nothing and charge the least. If you have a loan elsewhere we will pay it off and advance you more money. Strictly confidential—private offices.

SURETY LOAN COMPANY,
Room 1, Warder Building, 2nd Floor,
5th and F Sts., N. W.

Established 1888

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE,

Gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, mechanical tools, ladies and gentlemen's wearing apparel.

Old gold and silver bought. Unredeemed pledges for sale. 501 Pennsylvania Ave., N. W.

MANDAMUS CLARK,
ALL KINDS OF CEMENT WORK
CELLARS, YARDS FRONT
STEPS, ETC.

TERMS reasonable and work guaranteed.
3117 H St., N. W.

DOUGLAS

WE MOVE ANYTHING

Chas. M. Jenkins & Sons, Baggage and Furniture Express.

1320 24th Street Northwest
Telephone Call 822.
Robert T. Douglass, Prop.

Scouring, Dyeing, Dry Cleaning,
Repairing and Altering. Suits
Cleaned and Pressed.

...75c...

Good Work Only.

MARGRAF'S

631 D St. N. W.

Goods Called for and delivered.

Fine Candies Wedding Cakes

A. C. JOY,
CONFECTIONERY

714 Seventh St., N. W.

311 Seventh St., S. W.

Ice Cream

Fancy Cakes

JOHNSTON'S.

If you want Christmas goods such as candies, figs, grapes, citron and layer raisins, go to Johnston's 731 Seventh street northwest.

A seat in the New York Stock Exchange has just been sold for \$80,000. And yet the average man, if he had \$80,000 would be quite content to retire from business and live on the interest of his money.

M. FISHMAN,

FIRST CLASS TAILORING.

Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing neatly done.

All work guaranteed. Reasonable prices. Velvet collars on overcoats,

75c and up. Pants pressed 75c. Ladies' skirts braided around bottom. Work called for and delivered.

824 22nd Street N. W.

R. G. SWAINE and Son,

WHOLESALE

Agents for Paragon Process and Victor XXXX Family Flour.

Telephone, 1699 Main;

932 Louisiana Avenue Northwest.

Fish, Poultry and

Oyster Dealers.

350 C Street N. W., Center Market.

Telephone Call 822.

UNIQUE IRRIGATION PLAN.

South Dakota Man's Scheme Is to Keep Moisture in the Soil by Using Sand.

Sioux Falls, S. D.—J. M. Greene, one of the pioneer advocates of irrigation in the central and western parts of the state, is the originator of an idea which will, it is believed, result in good crops in central and western South Dakota during even the driest years.

His idea is to construct ditches about two feet apart, similar to listed ditches, but deep enough so that a vein of sand, three or four inches in depth, can be placed at the bottom of the ditches, which can then be filled in, leaving the sand so deep that in plowing it would not be disturbed.

He states that the moisture will go down to the sand and form a reservoir which would be drawn upon by the plant as needed. In his opinion, ditches two feet apart would be ample, and one or two wagonloads of sand to the acre would be sufficient to line the ditches.

Experienced farmers, to whom the plan has been explained, declare it is practical and worthy of adoption, and it is probable that several farmers will prepare small areas of ground in this manner next season to test the plan.

When irrigation by artesian wells was first agitated, and farmers generally were skeptical as to the practicability of this method, Mr. Greene bought a large area of land in the central part of Bruce county, upon which he constructed an extensive irrigation system. He demonstrated that his idea was correct, and for years successfully conducted his irrigated farm.

BOAT BUILT OF NEWSPAPERS

Two Young Men Construct Vessel from 300,000 Copies of Vienna Publication in Short Time.

Vienna.—A new use has been discovered for old newspapers by a young engineer of this city noted for his eccentricity as well as his ability. Having made a wager with one of his friends that he would become the possessor of a "yacht" by a certain date, and not having the wherewithal to purchase one, he interested a naval constructor in the idea of making a boat of old papers.

With 300,000 copies of a well-known daily paper published here, the two set to work, and in a few weeks' time, through the aid of a compressing machine, had their craft afloat, the entire boat constructed of paper—masts, sails and rudder. The vessel is five yards long, and one and a half wide, and the masts, two in number, are ten feet in height.

All the other accessories are in paper or papier mache, and the craft is light and agile on the water. At the Navy club here the report is that the wager ran as high as \$9,000. The boat, after being tried several times on the water, is on exhibition at the Arts and Crafts circle.

BOY THINKS HE IS A RABBIT

Hypnotist Is Unable to Undo His Work and Flees Farmer's Vengeance.

Duluth, Minn.—William Burgson, the 11 year-old son of a farmer living near Fertile, Minn., imagines he is a rabbit and his life is despaired of. He was placed in this condition by a hypnotist, who called himself Prof. Isidore and who gave an entertainment at Fertile.

The lad went on the stage to be hypnotized. He readily succumbed to hypnotic power and while in that condition the professor told him he was a rabbit. The lad immediately became a rabbit in spirit and the "professor" was unable, after working all night to bring the boy to his senses.

This was ten days ago. The "professor" left for Minneapolis, saying he would return with a nerve specialist, but nothing has since been heard of him. The father swears vengeance.

The boy is in a pitiable condition. He makes no sound except to squeak like a rabbit, and is afraid of dogs. Adolph Burgson, the father, has trouble to get the boy into the house or to keep clothing on him.

LOSES SPEECH BY A FALL.

Street Car Accident to a Prominent California Doctor Renders the Victim Dumb.

San Bernardino, Cal.—Dr. John Collier, of Los Angeles, is at the home of his father here, unable to articulate, having completely lost his power of speech by a fall from a street car. He was alighting from a street car with an armful of books, when he slipped, sustaining painful bruises. He walked a few steps, when some one questioned him as to his injuries, and when he tried to respond no audible sound escaped his lips. Speechless, he hurried to his father's home, where an examination disclosed that his vocal cords were inflamed and swollen.

This result is a mystery to him, as his head did not come in contact with anything when he fell. Such cases are very rare. The attending surgeons are mystified and have ordered a complete rest. The only way Dr. Collier can communicate with those about him is by writing. He is a member of the College of Medicine at Los Angeles, being prominent in that city.

May Have Been Braced. Contrary to general expectations, the backbone of the Isthmus has not even bent since Secretary Taft reached Panama.

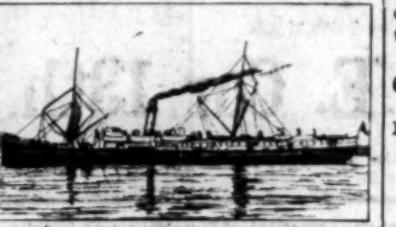
BIG FLOATING FAIR.

WESTERN TOWN IS GOING AFTER THE ORIENTAL TRADE.

Seattle, Wash.—Proposes to Show the Asiatics What We Have to Sell—"The Fair" to Sail Next Year.

Seattle, Wash.—This place comes to the front with a twentieth century development of the exposition idea that promises to have an important bearing on the oriental trade that everyone has heard so much about in the last few years. Instead of waiting for people to come to a fair the Seattle people, or, rather the Northwestern Commercial company of Seattle, proposes to send the fair to the people—exclusively to people who have money to buy goods. The exposition was to have been started out this month, installed on the steamship Victoria, but the Russo-Japanese war upset the scheme and the sailing date of the floating fair as been postponed to November 15, 1905.

The idea is to offer American commercial houses an opportunity to send representatives to establish permanent agencies and also to make immediate sales to the countries bordering on the Pacific ocean, which contain the larger portion of the world's population, and which are in direct water communication with the United States. The floating industrial exhibition will visit the cities of Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki (Port Arthur) and Vladivostok (if war conditions permit), Shanghai, Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Mauritius, Delaros Bay (or Valparaiso) and Callao, South America; Cape Town, Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney and Honolulu. The steamship will remain from two to ten days in each of the places named, according to their importance, thus giving ample opportunities to all interested to visit:



Brooklyn, N. Y.—Brooklyn has its first female topographical draughtsman—such a phrase to conjure with!—and this unique city position is held by a charming young woman, Miss Mary E. Larson.

Visitors to the offices of the Brooklyn tax department may have noticed a sprouting up in the appearance of the hitherto easy-going clerks. A glance around will reveal the cause in the presence of Miss Larson, who is a very prepossessing young woman, and has been duly appointed as topographical draughtsman. First of her sex in Brooklyn to hold such a job, she made her debut as a city employee a few days ago.

Miss Larson has a charming personality, and numbers among her friends many well-known persons in the Hill section society, of which she herself is a favorite. She is the daughter of George F. Larson, a prominent woolen merchant of Westerly, R. I., where Miss Larson was born some 20 and odd years ago. There she attended high school and learned of the priority of Brooklyn educational institutions. So seven years ago she came to Brooklyn and continued her studies. She went to Pratt Institute, taking the architectural course, and graduated in '99 with high honors.

DEVICE RECORDS SOUNDS.

New Invention Receives Dictation and Reproduces It at the Sending and Receiving Ends.

A telephone that records sounds so that they can be transmitted again was shown, and its wonderful mechanism explained at the Franklin Institute in Philadelphia the other day by Dr. Z. B. Babbitt, of New York, secretary and general manager of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. The instrument, known as the telephone, is the invention of Valdemar Poulsen, of Copenhagen.

After explaining in technical terms its construction, Babbitt said the telephone can perform five different functions.

"Briefly," he said, "the machine can do these things: First, it receives dictations; second, reproduces to the dictator; third, reproduces to one at a distant point, the machine being under control at that point; fourth, it records conversations between two persons over the commercial telephone lines without in any way interfering with the operation of those lines, and fifth, it records automatically, in the absence of the subscriber from the office, messages coming over the line in such absence, the machine being under the absolute automatic control from the ordinary performing function of the telephone line, the ringing of the bell starting the machine, the machine sending a signal over the line to the party talking, notifying him that the machine is running, the machine running a fixed length of time, sending another signal, then automatically stopping.

"It can be used by a typewriter taking dictation. This application of the telephone dispenses with the services of a stenographer, and also leaves the principal free to dictate his letters at such intervals as may be most convenient to himself. It also provides absolute privacy to him, a fact not to be ignored, for a communication may be of such a nature that the presence of another person is sufficient to divert the mind."

GIRL HOLDS CITY POSITION

Miss Larson the Only Female Topographical Draughtsman in Brooklyn.

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CURED BY NEW METHOD.

Eggs Preserved by Secret Process as Fresh Eight Months After as the Day When Laid.

Tacoma, Wash.—A process intended to revolutionize the cold storage egg business has just been perfected by two Wilbur men, and the result of the first test has been learned with much interest by the produce trade.

While the features of the curing process are kept secret, it is claimed after eight months' treatment the eggs have been found as fresh as when they were packed away last spring.

Peter Christensen and H. M. Hansen opened up the first vat of the preserved eggs at Wilbur and applied the test. They have packed away 20,000 dozen this season. The eggs will be sold when the winter market reaches a figure to suit the packers.

BEGGING A PROFESSION.

Regarded as a Regularly Constituted Avocation in India—Native Men-Dictants Number 2,433,115.

London—Beggars in India are elevated to the rank of professional men, according to the latest volume of statistics issued from the Indian empire, and covering the ten years from 1893 to 1903. To beg is to claim the rights and immunities of a regularly constituted avocation, which claims a membership of 2,433,115, of whom 1,572,479 are males.

In 1902 23,168 criminals were sentenced to be whipped in India. Another curious fact told by the figures is that over 24,000 persons are annually killed by snakes and wild animals. Under this head there were 23,166 deaths in 1902, the larger portion being victims of snakes.

FIT PUNISHMENT.

A London paper which is suggesting future states for various classes of persons thinks the reckless automobile ought to go to a place where lumps would tie him down to stakes and then run auto cars at high speed on each side of his prostate form, just "shaving" him as they go by.

RUN BY AGED WOMAN

ALMOST FOUR SCORE YEARS OLD BUT AN EXPERT FARMER.

Spry and Active as a Young Girl Runs 70-Acre Farm Near Kokomo, Ind., with Signal Success.

Kokomo, Ind.—Mary Jane Ulrich, farmer, aged 76, is spry and active as a girl of 16. When a caller at her home asked her to pose for a picture, among her farming implements, she climbed over a big reaper to reach a corner among the collection with the ease of a schoolgirl.

The Ulrich farm, ten miles southeast of Kokomo, in the Sherrillsville neighborhood, comprising over 70 acres, gives evidence of good husbandry, and the buildings are all well kept and numerous. The home is as neat as a pin.

Mrs. Ulrich's specialty is raising hoggs. She has never bought but one herd in the 38 years she has pursued her occupation. She raises a drove of hogs for the market each year. She has never been troubled with cholera, and her porkers have never been sick, save one year, when she intrusted their care to a farm hand, who gave them too much salt.

As a side issue, Mrs. Ulrich has sold on an average of 600 pounds of butter a year and about 400 chickens annually.

Although never having given fruit culture especial attention, Mrs. Ulrich's land abounds in the smaller fruits, grapes, peaches, plums, and the like. Mrs. Ulrich came to Tipton county from Ripley county in December, 1854. She has been a widow 18 years. Speaking of her entrance into agricultural pursuits, she says: "My late husband and I lived on a farm. He devoted most of his time, however, to plastering and bricklaying. I often took charge of the farm work and directed the hands about the thrashing machines and clover hullers. I shucked corn, raked wheat in the fields when the old wooden rakes were in use, but with my help I think I was the champion. I have always been very much in love with the farm life, and delighted in watching the growth of both plant and animal life. After my husband's death I took complete charge of affairs."

Mrs. Ulrich is entitled to membership in the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, her Grandfather Brown having participated in that great conflict.

WHERE DIVORCE IS CHEAP.

Big Increase of Suits in Philadelphia Is Due to Very Lenient Law.

Philadelphia.—Suits for divorce instituted in the Philadelphia courts in the year ending November 15 were 1,259—more than 100 in excess of the number for the previous 12 months. Since 1901 divorces have increased at the rate of more than 100 a year. During the year 57 divorces were granted in this city.

Lawyers and moralists advance different reasons for this increase in divorcing. Theorists declare it an indication of moral degeneracy, a lessening of respect and veneration for the marriage relation, and a decline of domesticity. Lawyers frankly say the reason for this increase is that it is easier and cheaper to obtain divorces in this city than in nearly any other place east of South Dakota.

Many persons, it is said, move to Philadelphia for the sole purpose of obtaining divorces and then leave the city.

Desertion, which is the ground upon which nearly all of the Philadelphia divorces are obtained, is not recognized in the New York courts.

As to the cost in Philadelphia, the lawyer's fee is fixed by a rule at \$25 for the wife, which the husband must pay, whether he be libellant or respondent. The master's fee is limited to \$25 for the first hearing and \$10 for each subsequent hearing, while in New York the minimum fee for the lawyer is \$100 and the master's charge is in proportion.

NEW TURBINE STEAM YACHT

Craft Built for Sir George Newnes Launched—Can Travel 4,000 Miles Without Rifting Coal Bunkers.

London.—The triple-screw turbine engine steam yacht designed by Sir William White for Sir George Newnes has been launched at Newcastle-on-Tyne. The vessel, to which the name Albion was given by Lady White, is a handsome sea-going type of yacht, of a little more than 1,300 tons, according to yacht measurement. The length over all is 270 feet. She is 34 feet beam and 20 feet molded depth, and she is built throughout of steel and is of considerable displacement.

Propulsion is obtained by a triple-shafted system of turbine engine, with cylindrical boilers, constructed on Parsons' system, which are calculated to give a smooth water speed of 15 knots, with a continuous speed of 10 to 12 knots, according to the size of the sea.

Ocean speed will be obtained on such a moderate coal consumption as to enable the Albion to travel about 4,000 miles without having to replenish her bunkers.

Probably an "Ad."

Another claim has been made that Adam and Eve were black persons. As soon as a proper number of persons can be induced to believe it, the author of the story will begin advertising his famous bleaching process.

Strange.

A historical novel in which Noah and the flood appear has been brought out. Yet some of the critics are ungenerous enough to declare that it is dry reading.

A New Book

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

Leave Washington, from station corner New Jersey Avenue and C St.

ROYAL BLUELINE.

1 TRAINS "EVERY OTHER HOUR ON THE ODD HOUR" TO

PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK

7:00 a.m. Diner, Pullman Parlor,

9:00 a.m. Buffet, Parlor 5 Hr. Train,

9:00 a.m. Diner and Pullman Parlor

11:00 a.m. Diner and Pullman Parlor

1:30 p.m. Diner and Pullman Parlor

3:30 p.m. "Royal Limited," All Pull-

man.

5:00 p.m. Diner and Pullman Parlor,

7:00 p.m. Coaches to Philadelphia,

8:00 p.m. Coaches to Philadelphia.

11:30 p.m. Sleepers.

Atlantic City, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a.

m., 11:30, 3:00 p. m.

EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR

TO Baltimore with Pullman service.

Week days: 2:37, 5:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00, 12:30, 1

CLAIMS SHOULD BE KING.

George M. Graham, Kansas Boxmaker, Expects to Be Declared Rightful Earl of Strathern.

"I am of royal blood, and if I had my rights I would now be on the throne of England, instead of the present king. As it is, I am confident of being declared earl of Strathern, Menthieh and Alirth at the next session of the house of lords."

George M. Graham, boxmaker in Indianapolis, Ind., made the foregoing statement the other day when asked about a London cablegram which said he and Robert Barclay Allardice were claimants to the dormant earldoms of Strathern, Menthieh and Alirth, and that their claims would be heard by the British house of lords at its next session.

"This question of the right to the particular earldom has been the subject of discussion in England for seven years," said Graham. "Some time ago examination of certain records in London was made, and a document connecting me with the earldom was found. I am the direct descendant of Malise Graham, the cousin of King James, the first king of Scotland. In 1427 the king granted the lands of Orangs by a charter into the earldoms of Menthieh. This earldom was held until the death of William, eighth earl of Menthieh, and second earl of Alirth in 1684. I am in the direct line of succession."

Mr. Graham came to Kansas City two years ago from Toronto. He is of slight build and fair complexion.

WRONG LICENSE TO MARRY

Illinois Man Gets Hunter's Permit and Tramps 100 Miles Before He Discovers Mistake.

Provided with a hunter's license Louis Fann, 20, and Miss May Schronek, 18, walked 100 miles from McLeansboro, Ill., to East St. Louis the other day, to be married in the home of his sister Mrs. Louis Neerlinger, and asked Justice James Beach to perform the ceremony.

Justice Beach informed them that the license they had gave them permission to hunt game in the state, but it was not a permit to be married. They said they had secured the license from City Clerk Thomas Williams in the city hall, paying one dollar for it.

Justice Beach accompanied the couple to the residence of Marriage License Clerk George S. Caughlan, where a marriage license was secured. The ceremony was then performed in the home of the justice, where a number of guests had assembled to assist the justice and his wife in celebrating the thirteenth anniversary of their own wedding.

The newly married couple were included in the list of guests after the ceremony, and participated in the "wedding" feast the judge had provided for its celebration.

TOO MUCH WORK FOR MEN

Quartermaster General C. F. Humphrey Makes a Complaint in His Annual Report.

Gen. C. F. Humphrey, quartermaster general, in his annual report to the secretary of war, says the enormous amount of work involved in meeting the needs of the army hardly can be comprehended by anyone not in close touch with the service. Continuing, he says:

"This work, which would tax the best ability and energies of a force numerically strong enough to permit giving it proper official attention at all points has been made doubly onerous because of the inadequate number of quartermasters now provided by law, and the greatly depleted civilian force in the quartermaster general's office."

The total cost of animals, wagons and harness purchases by the department during the last fiscal year is given as \$527,050.

Continuing, Gen. Humphrey says:

"Another year's experience has only tended to confirm and emphasize the views expressed in my last annual report as to the utility, economy and necessity of the army transport system and the wisdom of continuing our present policy in its operation."

TREE BEARS FREAK APPLES

Some of Fruit Grown by New York Farmer Is Yellow, But the Inside Is Red.

Everybody knows there are red apples. That is to say, the outside of the apples are red. It would not be safe to bet, however, that there are no apples the fruit of which is red to the core, for George Stevens, of Lee Valley, N. Y., has a tree in his orchard that bears apples that are red on the inside. The tree is self-planted and is about eight years old. When it came up it was regarded as a sort of scrub, and the owner was inclined to cut it down. But when it commenced to bear and produced fruit that was red on the inside it was considered a freak and allowed to grow.

The tree hangs full of apples every year. The skin of the fruit is light yellow, like a pippin, and the flesh runs from a bright red to a salmon color. The apples are not large, but are good eating, being, as the Irishman said, "nayther swate nor sour, but taart." These apples are a curiosity to all who see them. It seems to be a case where the red coloring matter has gone into the fruit instead of the skin, as it usually does.

Mark Twain's Double Dead.

Judge Thomas J. Humes, formerly mayor of Seattle, Wash., who dropped dead the other day, was a double of Mark Twain in more than looks, as he was noted among his friends as a humorist.

PERFECT RED ROSE BAD TEETH, BAD SOLDIERS

MAGNIFICENT CREATION OF AN INDIANA MAN.

British Recruits Must Hereafter Deposit at Least \$15 for Dental Work.

Etna, the Result of 25 Years of Labor, a Rich Crimson in Color—Wins Prize at the St. Louis Exposition.

The crowning feature of the national flower show in the horticultural palace at the world's fair came in the display of a magnificent new red rose.

This rose was created by J. D. Hill, of Richmond, Ind., one of the best-known rose growers in America and Europe, and was shown for and won the silver cup in class 643, cut flowers, seedling roses, best rose not in commerce, 20 blooms. The new red rose, which the originator has designated the Etna until it enters the commercial field, is the most perfect in form, color, foliage and habits of any red rose ever produced. It was the center of an admiring group of professional and amateur flower lovers all day, and its originator was busy receiving congratulations and offers from friends and would-be purchasers. He refused \$5,000 for 60 plants. Mr. Hill possesses the entire stock—5,600 plants—of the new rose.

Roses are the most difficult plants to create, and especially red roses. Mr. Hill has spent the last 25 years working and trying to create a perfect red rose. He has produced 10,000 seedlings from which he has grown six good varieties.

The Etna production is the result of much cross-fertilizing. The mother plant is the Lady Battersea, a magnificently colored tea rose, and through its veins flows the blood of General Jacquemynot a hardy hybrid perpetual rose. In color it is a rich crimson, toned with a warm scarlet. In all the names designating the various shades of red there is none that exactly describes the rich color of the Etna, for which a new name must be created descriptive of the new red shade.

The bud of the Etna is long and gracefully curved, and when first opened is of the brightest crimson scarlet. The flower retains this perfect coloring until its petals shed. It does not turn purple, as most red roses do, after the flower is in bloom. The bud soon opens and the flowers last longer than any other rose, and it is an excellent keeper as a cut flower.

It is a perpetual and prolific bloomer with the habits of the tea rose, which is an unusual quality in a red rose. The stems are free from thorns, making it desirable as a cut rose. The habit of growth is remarkably good, making strong, shapely plants that may be depended upon for large flower shoots. It is the brachy habit of the Jacquemynot. The foliage is abundant and perfect in form and color. Its fragrance is that of the rich Damask rose. The same odor is slightly noticeable in the Jacqueline. It is perfectly hardy in this climate.

Perhaps the next best new rose is the Rosalind, or English, which is also one of Mr. Hill's creations. This rose is a rich cerise pink. It is a rose of good habits, a profuse bloomer, large, deep flowers, long stems, good foliage and was greatly admired by the feminine visitors as a flower for decorative purposes on account of its brilliant color and exquisitely formed flowers. It gives promise of being second in popularity to the Etna of all the new roses. It is a seedling and bears strong markings of the Mme. Chatnay, a hybrid tea, a rose carnation—shaded salmon and Papa Gontier, an excellent crimson tea.

A DOUBLE TOBACCO CROP.

Arkansas Grower Finds Plant Yields Good Second Cutting from Same Soil in One Year.

Two crops of tobacco from the same ground the same season is a new possibility in agriculture in Arkansas discovered by a planter near Rison this season.

The second crop is just out of the field, the cutting having begun the last days in October. The quality of the first crop is said to be as fine as the first grade in the tobacco belt of Kentucky, and the second crop, which has never been a success in the Blue Grass state, is only one grade below the first produced at Rison.

M. W. Cravens, a Kentucky tobacco raiser, who began his experiments near Rison two years ago, found that the plant would ripen in from 70 to 85 days, which is a much shorter time than is required in Kentucky. It occurred to him that he could produce a second crop, as frost did not come until late in November. The experiment proved more of a success than was at first anticipated.

Rison is a small town on the Cotton Belt railroad just below Pine Bluff. The soil is a yellow clay, and until recently was not suspected of being productive. This is considered one of the most important of the many surprising discoveries of the unusual productivity of Arkansas soil in the last five or six years.

Railway Cars in France.

The tales that are told of country railroads in America are matter of fact enough compared with a store that comes from France. The little railroads that run to obscure places in France are so poor that they have bought no cars in a quarter century.

The floor fell out of a car on one of these roads recently. The car was empty at the time and standing in the station.

Real Need of the Hour.

Now Texan comes forward with an invention for turning a buggy into an automobile. What is really needed, however, says the Washington Star, is some invention that will prevent an automobile from turning into a repair shop.

Give Up Mansions for Slums.

Robert Hunter, formerly of Chicago, and his wife, the daughter of Anson Phelps Stokes, have taken up their residence in Grove street, in the heart of the lower west side of New York city. They have given up their mansion in Madison avenue and their country home in Norton, Conn., for a two-fold object—to continue the settlement to which both husband and wife have devoted themselves, and because, as Mr. Hunter declares, a home there costs no more than an apartment in a more prosperous district.

From Case to Capitol.

William M. O. Dawson, the republican governor-elect of West Virginia, is 60 years old and began life as a printer, then became an editor and is now a lawyer.

Baths in All Dwellings.

The city of Reading, England, has passed an ordinance that baths shall be placed in all dwellings houses constructed within the borough in future.

The Deadly Auto.

Oscar Legrange is the champion corn husker of Princeton, Ill., and vicinity. The other day Mr. Legrange shocked and clobbered 127 bushels in ten hours and drove two miles with the four loads.

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Pensioning Railway Employees.

The Pennsylvania railroad has a system by which aged employees are retired on a pension. This is a liberal method of providing for men of advanced years who have served the company long and faithfully. Three employees have just been retired after faithful service of 42, 45 and 48 years, respectively.

A Checking System.

In Thibet nearly every public office has two incumbents. One is supposed to be a check on the other. But sometimes these dual authority does not work well—in war, for example.

SILVER FACE BLEACH.

Both in a box for \$1.00, or three boxes for \$3.00. Guaranteed to do what we say and to be the best in the world. One box is all that is required for the size as directed.

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A FRAC-LINE face bleach should be dissolved, and a black or brown person has a few dashes lighter, and a mulatto person perfectly white. In forty-eight hours the skin will be white and smooth. The skin is spots, but bleaches out white, the skin remains smooth without continual use. Will remove wrinkles, freckles, and spots. Very good for all skin. Leaves the skin very soft and smooth. Smallest pincers, etc., will open the pores of the skin. When you get the color you wish, stop using the cream.

AND THE HAIR TONIC.

That goes in every hairline here is enough to make anyone's hair grow long and straight, and keeps it from falling out. Highly perfumed and strong. Send one dollar to the Office money order, express money order or registered letter, we will send you a sample of our product, or if you want it sent C.O.D., it will come by express money order. In any case where it fails to do what we claim, we will return your money. We will keep the contents confidential.

SILVER FACE BLEACH CO., 1022 S. 19th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

NOVEL BLOOD EXPERIMENTS

Students Are Taken to Summit of Pike's Peak and Given Exercise That Air Effect May Be Noted.

The experiment recently made upon the 20 college students on the summit of Pike's Peak to test the effect of altitude on the tension of blood in the arteries was highly satisfactory. Just what these tests will reveal cannot be told until the figures have been carefully studied by the doctors making them.

Tests were made upon the students as soon as the summit was reached, and before they had taken any exercise. Two sets of apparatus had been set up in the Cog road station, and each student was given two tests as a check on each other.

A rubber band was pinned upon the upper part of the arm. It was then pumped up, as the inflation increased, the band becoming tighter on the arm. The pressure was continued until the amount necessary to stop the flow of blood to the pulse was stopped.

The amount of pressure required was shown on a column of mercury connected with the bulb. These figures showed the pressure of the blood in the arteries of each individual. The number of pulse beats to the minute was also registered.

The students were then told to take exercise, and they spent the next hour out of doors climbing around the rocks or walking along the track. The measurements were then repeated to ascertain the difference before and after exercise and that it decreased as the time between the exercise and the test was lengthened. The pulse usually is higher in high altitudes.

These experiments are being made from both a scientific and a practical standpoint. They are expected to furnish data to show the effect of altitude on the blood pressure in healthy persons.

Ultimately it is hoped that these experiments will lead to knowledge as to the effects on invalids as well, and probably show certain classes of invalids as well who can and others who cannot be benefited by high altitude.

This region is one of those best suited to such experiments, as it is one of the very few places on the globe where people can reach the top of a peak without exercise and have tests performed on them at the altitude of 14,000 feet.

CLUB IS ENEMY OF HOME

Institutions Severely Denounced by a Writer Who Says Women Only Learn Bad Habits There.

"In these days daughters and wives resent the advice and supervision of those whom providence ordained to look after and protect them. They go to clubs, they mix with the loafers of their own sex, with occasional variations; they behave with the independence of wild young men about town; they disregard home life—in short, they support ladies' clubs."

The foregoing is the conclusion of a spirited attack on women's clubs in an article in a recent issue of the World of Dress, a London publication.

The writer—a woman evidently believes that, unless she wants to smoke, drink, flirt, and bet, a woman has no need of a club.

But nowadays nearly every woman belongs to one, which is the writer believes, the reason that home, as it used to be, is "dwindling into merely a place to sleep at," and the home duties and the home life no longer interest the modern women.

Ten years ago a woman's club was a rarity. To-day in the West they are as "plentiful" as betting offices, and have just about as good a moral influence on the community."

"Women in smoking-rooms, women in billiard-rooms, women hanging over the tape which rolls out the latest winner"—it is not a very enlightening picture, and the writer wonders what righteous occupation a woman can find in a club that she cannot find in her own home.

FORTUNE FOR A TOOTHPICK

Once Property of King Charles I., and Sells for \$2,900—Used by Executed Monarch on the Scaffold.

London, Nov. 19.—Much interest continues to be taken in London in the personal relics of the unhappy Charles I., as was proved by the crowd the other day when two melancholy souvenirs of his death came up for public sale in the shape of a gold toothpick and case used by the monarch on the scaffold. These mementos were once the possession of Col. Tomlinson who was the officer in charge of the king from the time of his imprisonment in the tower until the end, and were presented to him at the last scene in Whitehall by Charles I. as all he had left for his civilities. When the relic was submitted an opening bid of \$5 was made, and by slow advances \$50 was reached. At this stage no one could have anticipated the result, and at \$250 it appeared that interest had ceased. But suddenly the bidding took new life and Messrs. Renton and Partridge made a duel of it. The latter carried the contest to \$2,875 and did not challenge Mr. Renton's bid of \$2,900.

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OFFICE OF E. VOIGT,
Manufacturing Jeweler,
725 Seventh Street, N. W., between
G and H.
Washington, D. C.

Now that we are on the threshold of another Christmas, is it not about time to make up your mind what to buy for your loved ones? Some people wait until the last minute to buy their Christmas things. A bad plan. Not but that we can satisfy you, or rather that you can satisfy yourself here at any time. But 'tis better to come before the rush. The selection is easier, and then the prices are no greater now. Jewelry of tasteful design is here in abundance.

My Christmas line this year embraces Diamond Rings, Diamond Brooches, Scarf Pins, Cuff Buttons, Ladies' Watch Chains, Necklaces, Pendants, Link Bracelets, Gild and Silver Watches, Fobs, Studs, Fountain Pens, Desk Sets, Collar Buttons, Desk Clocks, Shaving Sets, Mirrors, Military Brushes, Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hat Brushes, Mirrors, Comb, Brush and Mirror Sets, Ink Bottles, Powder Puffs and Cases, Jewel Cases, etc.

CUT GLASS.

Is always appropriate at the Christmas season. There is something about its glitter and beauty and brightness which makes it appeal to those of refined tastes. There is a vast difference in Cut Glass qualities and patterns. I am showing only the kind you will be wise in buying. The right value is in each piece for the money you pay for it.



CATHOLIC GOODS.

The largest assortment in the city of High Grade Rosaries in Solid Gold, Solid Silver, Pearl, Amethyst, Crystal, Garnet, Emerald, Jade, Opal, Sapphire, Turquoise, Jasper, etc.

PRAYER BOOKS.

The Handsomest in the City. Religious Medals in Gold and Silver; Immaculate Conception, St. Benedict, Infant of Prague, St. Joseph, St. Anthony, St. Aloysius, etc. Solid Gold Sacred Heart Medals in great variety.

SILVER.

Tea Sets, Coffee, Sets, Water Sets, Chafing Dishes, Pudding Dishes, Soup Tureens, Butter Dishes, Tea Spoons, Table Spoons, Sugar Shells, Fish Sets, Carving Sets, Oyster Forks, Orange Spoons, Sardine Forks, Tomato Servers, Berry Sets, Gravy Ladles, Souvenir Spoons, Chocolate Spoons, Cut Bowls, etc., etc.

"DEN" DECORATIONS.

Imported Mettlach and Munich Steins, Brownies, Clocks, etc.

Novelty in Umbrellas, Gold, Silver, and French Grey. Rich Designs.

CLOCKS.

Brass Clocks, Porcelain Clocks, Enamored Clocks, Gilt Clocks, Alarm Clocks. Each style will make an appropriate Christmas present.

Don't be misled by the "fake" discounts offered you by the Installation Jewelry Houses. The prices of these places are fully 50 per cent higher than the legitimate jeweler. They advertise a discount of 25 per cent and yet with the fake discount offered you their prices are 25 per cent higher than you would buy the same goods in a legitimate store. Goods laid by for the Holidays. Come now and avoid the rush.

Respectfully yours,
E. VOIGT.



Agents Wanted \$20.00 a week

FOR SELLING

Light Ahead For The Negro

BY J. A. JOHNSON, AUTHOR OF THE HISTORY OF THE NEGRO RACE
History of Negro Soldiers in the Spanish-American War, The Negro Almanac and Statistics.

The latest and most interesting story yet published on the Negro problem pictures the career of a brilliant young Southern lady who exposed the Negro's cause, creates a revolution in Southern sentiment and shows how this problem can be settled by just and human treatment. The Negro's past, present and future is vividly presented, interwoven with romance, fiction, love and marriage. Some favorite subjects treated are: The Story of Reconstruction, The tyranny of prejudiced newspapers, The success of governments created by Negro votes in the South, Labor unions and color line, The kind of education the Negro needs, Southern plantations in the hands of Negroes and negroes in the court, John Tammie Graves, Vardaman and Tillman answered successfully. PRICE \$1.00, postpaid.

ADDRESS THE GRAFTON PRESS,
No. 70 Fifth Avenue New York, N. Y.The New Drug Store
1904 L Street, N.W.,

All drugs strictly first class. Every thing found in an up to date Drug store can be had in this store. Prescriptions a specialty.

J. W. MORSE-PROP.

Wm. Cannon,

Fine wines, Liquors, and Cigars.

The Place to CALL and PURCHASE

Purissima Whiskey

1225 and 1227 7th Street, Northwest

PETER GROGAN.

The greatest installment house in this city is the firm of Peter Grogan & Sons. This was the first house of its kind to bring relief to all classes of people in this city. This firm deals fairly and justly with its customers. The poor receive the same consideration as the rich. The firm has done something that no other house in the country has done. It makes a reduction on all bills if they are paid within a certain time. THE BEE calls special attention to the large advertisement in this week's issue, and it also asks its patrons to keep their eyes open on future advertisements that will appear during the month of December. If you don't see what you want, ask for it. If it is not in stock it will be procured immediately. Go to this house and get what you need. All Washington can be accommodated at once. Call and inspect for yourselves. Mention THE BEE by all means.

The Louis Rothschild, Co.,

WHOLESALE

Whiskies

407 7th Street Northwest.

Distributors Jas. E. Pepper Whiskey.

Phone: Main 1832.

RAIN COATS \$18

To your order.

A nobby garment, one that would surely cost \$25.00 anywhere in town. Perfect fit absolutely guaranteed.

OVERCOATS
the Swelllest Patterns to \$14

Your order,
The best value your money could possibly buy. Just take a look, and be convinced of this fact. Faultless fit always guaranteed.

S. GOLDHEIM & SONS,
Washington's Leading Tailors,
403—Seventh Street—405,
Avenue Store, 1221 Pa. ave.

THE HUDSON'S VARIETY STORE

Phone Main 527.

416 7th Street N. W.

ALL FOR 60 Cts.

6 Dinner Plates	60 cts.
6 Breakfast Plates	50 cts.
6 Tea Plates	40 cts.
6 Fruit Saucers	30 cts.
1 Vegetable Dish	20 cts.
6 Cups & Saucers	60 cts.
1 Basket	10 cts.

\$2.70.

ALL FOR 60 Cts.

Julius Cohen,

CLOTHIER and Gents OUTFITTER.

\$1. Full Dress Suits For Hire—\$1.

1200 and 1204 Seventh St., Northwest

Washington, D. C.

J. D. O'Connor,

BUFFET.

Union Bar and Union Goods only.

Yellow Key Stone Pure Rye Whiskey.

Cor. 7th and P Sts. N. W.

A New Saloon

JERRY O'CONNOR

Has opened a first class Buffet at
125 1/2 St. N. W.With a large stock of the best brand
of Wines and Liquors.

Johnston's

CHRISTMAS GOODS, CANDIES,
EGGS, GRAPES, CITRON AND
LAYER RAISINS AT

731 7th St. N. W.

Xmas-Gift SLIPPERS.

A pair of Slippers is a gift that never goes amiss. Give Slipper sand you will earn the gratitude and appreciation of the recipients. We have Xmas-Gift Slippers for men and women in endless variety.

CRUCKERS, 939 Pa. Ave.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Thomas L. Jones, At v.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia
Holding a Probate Court

No. 1240, Administration

This is to give notice:

That the subscriber of the District Court of Columbia has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters of administration on the estate of John Tammie Jenkins deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to file them with the subscriber, on or before the 28th day of November, A.D. 1904; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 18th day of November, 1904.

Rachel Thomas, 748 1/2 St. N. E.

Attest: James Tanner,
Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

Thomas L. Jones, At v.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Holding a Probate Court.

No. 1258 Administration.

This is to give notice:

That the subscriber of the District Court of Columbia has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters of administration on the estate of James Jenkins deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to file them with the subscriber, on or before the 28th day of November, A.D. 1904; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 18th day of November, 1904.

Annie G. Brown, At v.

1212 1/2 St. N. E.

Attest: James Tanner, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

Thomas L. Jones, At v.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

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